





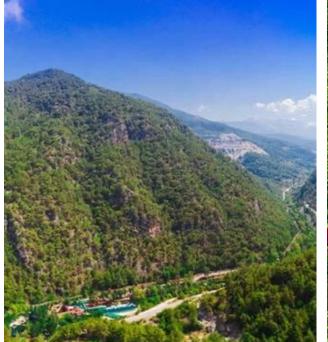


SYEDRA ANCIENT CITY

"Syedra Castle, located close to the center of Alanya, can be reached by personal vehicles or tours. From the entrance gate of the castle, stairs lead you up towards the peak of the mountain. At the top, you are greeted by a breathtaking Mediterranean view. When you reach the columned street, you will feel the historical texture. It's a must-see for history enthusiasts!











Dim River

Dim Stream, which is very close to the center of Alanya, can be easily reached either by your own vehicle or by municipal buses. You can choose one of many restaurants suitable for the natural environment. While sipping your drink and listening to the sounds of birds, imagine the water flowing under your feet. You can refresh yourself with the coolness of the stream. Additionally, there are pergolas in the Dim Stream valley where you can sit, rest, and even have a picnic. On the Dim Stream, there is also the Dim Dam and the reservoir. Exciting, high adrenaline activities such as rafting, starting from the Ak Köprü area on the reservoir, and completing a 5.5-kilometer course, as well as swimming activities, can be done.







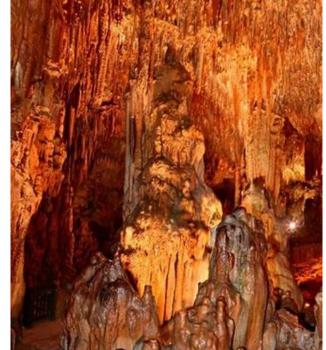


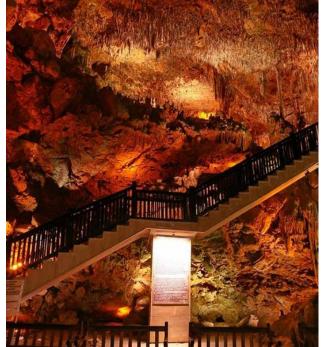


RED TOWER

In the entrance hall, model ships representing the period will welcome you. When you reach the top by climbing the steep steps, you will be greeted by a magnificent view of Alanya. The Alanya Shipyard, located next to the castle, is one of the must-see places.











DAMLATAS CAVE

As soon as you enter the cave, an impressive atmosphere will greet you. The Damlatas Cave, which also serves as a healing center for asthma patients, mesmerizes its visitors with its stalactites and stalagmites. Its central location in the city and proximity to Cleopatra Beach will also allow you to enjoy walking around the area.









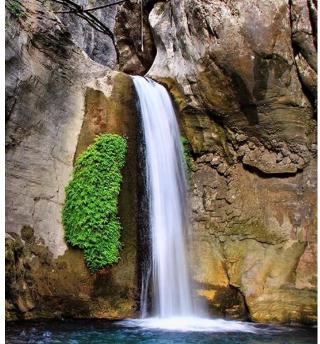


SUBMARINE TOUR

After a short training, you will take your first step into the submarine. As your first journey into the depths of the Mediterranean begins, you will start witnessing many beauties through large windows. Additionally, you will receive real-time updates and learn information about underwater life. Your photos will be a great souvenir of this experience.









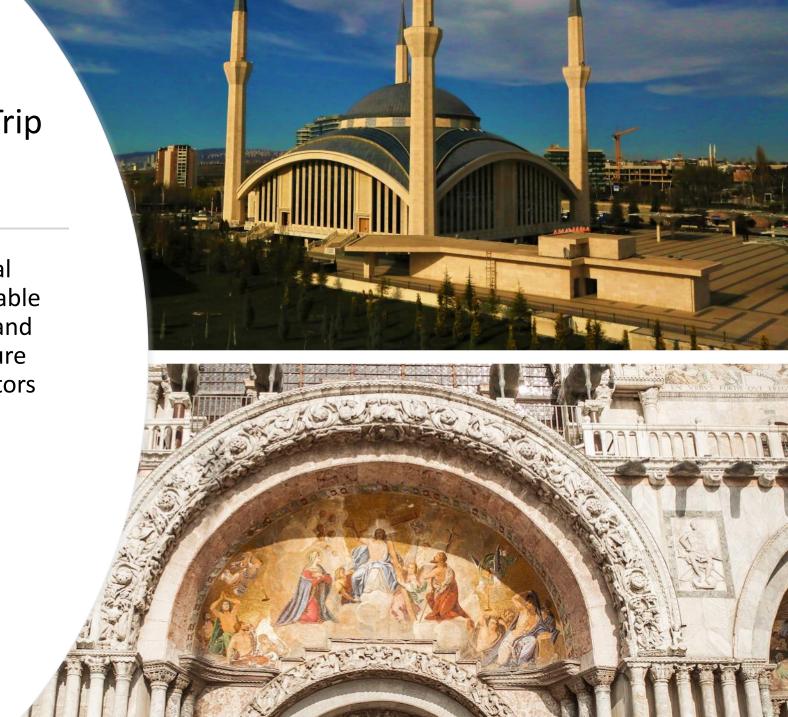


SAPADERE CANYON

Sapadere Canyon, located about an hour from the center of Alanya, is definitely one of the must-see places. As soon as you step into the canyon, the natural scenery will impress you greatly. You can meet your food and drink needs at the restaurant located at the entrance of the canyon. As you go deeper into the canyon, the walking trails made of wooden and metal materials will offer thrilling cliffside views that will add excitement and adrenaline to your journey. In some designated areas along the way, you can also take a dip in the ice-cold water. At the end of the path, a magnificent waterfall will be waiting to greet you.



 The protection of historical and natural sites is important for ensuring sustainable development in the tourism industry and for passing cultural heritage on to future generations. We recommend that visitors to these sites pay attention to the following tips.



Museums and Historical Sites

Before visiting a museum, we recommend checking its opening days and hours. A museum card, which you can obtain at museum entrances, offers the chance to visit many museums and historical sites without waiting in line and with various discounts.

 There are specific rules to be followed at museums and historical sites. For example, in some locations, photography may be prohibited entirely, while in others, it may be allowed only in designated areas. Therefore, following the rules of the site is important both for the preservation of historical places and for the comfort of other visitors.

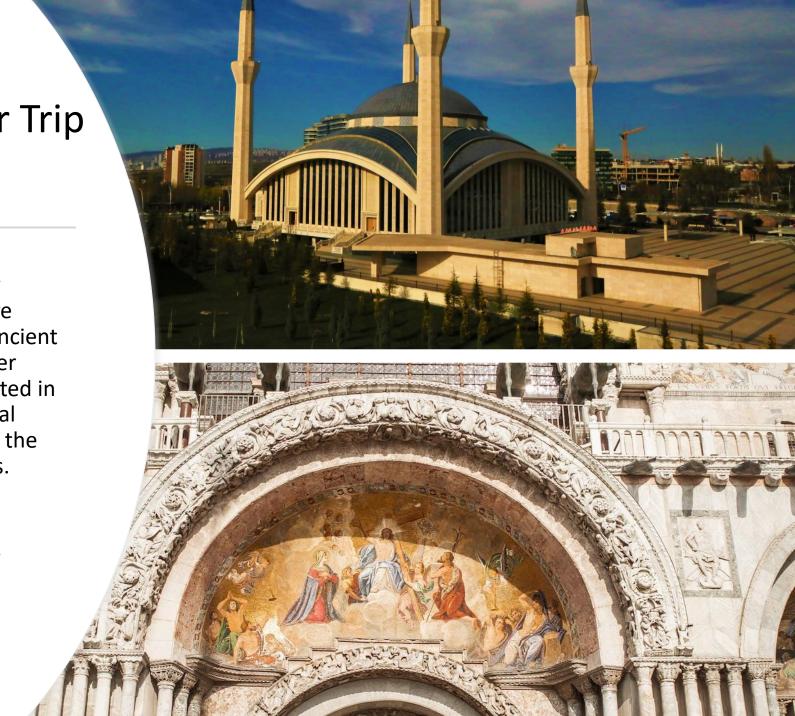


Historical Artifacts & Antiquities

It is important to avoid behavior that may damage historical sites, as these places are considered part of our shared heritage. Ancient objects, old coins, fossils, stones, and other items of historical value are best appreciated in their original locations. Removing historical artifacts can cause irreversible damage to the structures and is subject to legal penalties.

Mosques

Before entering a mosque, visitors are expected to remove their shoes and wear appropriate clothing.



Natural Areas

It should be remembered that lighting fires in natural areas brings many risks. These include the outbreak of wildfires, endangerment of plant and animal life, degradation of natural habitats, and environmental pollution. For this reason, lighting fires in natural areas is dangerous and prohibited.

Wildlife Interactions

Adopting responsible and sustainable tourism practices that prioritize animal welfare is important to prevent both intentional and unintentional animal abuse. Therefore, please avoid encouraging the use of animals for entertainment purposes. In Turkey, hunting activities must be carried out through agencies authorized with a hunting tourism certificate in order to ensure the protection of wildlife.



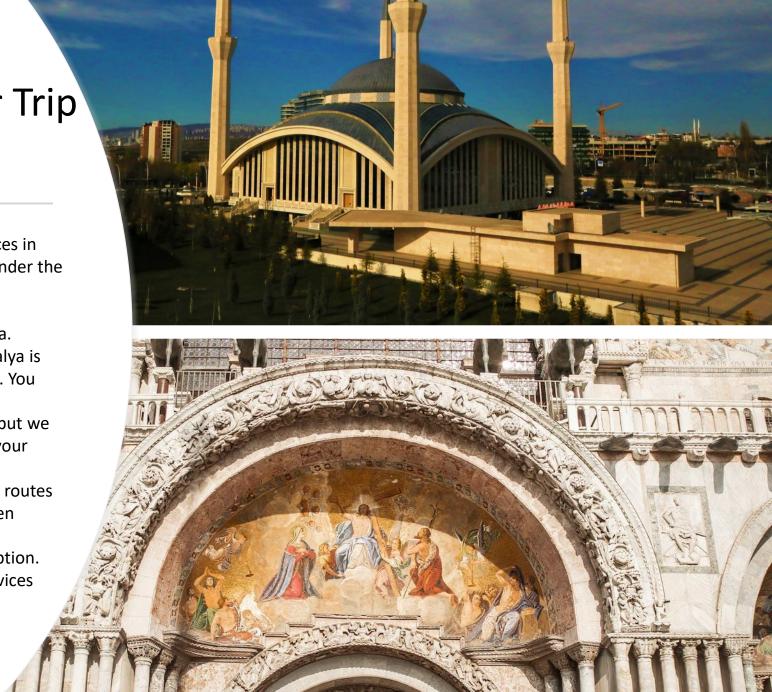
Smoking and Alcohol

To preserve air quality and prevent health issues caused by cigarette smoke, smoking is prohibited in indoor public spaces in Türkiye. Alcoholic beverages cannot be sold to individuals under the age of 18.

Urban Transportation

There are various transportation options available in Antalya.

- •Bus and Tram: The extensive bus and tram network in Antalya is among the most popular options for getting around the city. You can pay using an Antalyakart or a contactless bank card.
- •Taxi: Taxis are a fast and practical mode of transportation, but we recommend confirming the fare with the taxi stand before your ride.
- •Dolmuş (Shared Minibuses): Dolmuşes operate on specific routes and are an economical choice. Payment is made in cash when boarding.
- •Bicycle: Exploring Antalya by bicycle is a fun and healthy option. Many tourism agencies and companies offer bike rental services throughout the city.



Türkiye is a country rich in biological diversity due to its geographical location, climate, geology, soil and water resources, and its position along bird migration routes.

Türkiye is home to approximately **11,000 plant species**, around **3,500 of which are endemic**. In Antalya alone, there are **200 endemic plant species**.

Türkiye also hosts **481 bird species**, **150** mammal species, **380 butterfly species**, **130** reptile and amphibian species, and **716 fish** species.



Mediterranean Monk Seal (Monachus monachus)

There are around **600 to 700 Mediterranean** monk seals worldwide, with approximately **100 of them living along Türkiye's coastal** regions.

Coastal cave interventions and external factors—especially human activities such as construction, tourist cave visits, and underwater cave diving—pose a serious threat to the survival of this species. Protecting the Mediterranean monk seal is critically important not only for the population in Türkiye but for the entire global population of the species.



Fallow Deer (Dama dama)

The fallow deer living in the Düzlerçamı region of Antalya are considered the origin of all fallow deer populations worldwide. In Türkiye, fallow deer are among the species under protection. Their population is being safeguarded through the preservation of natural habitats, controlled hunting practices, and awareness-raising efforts.

Caretta Caretta

The Caretta Caretta species is internationally protected. These sea turtles prefer sandy beaches, especially in coastal areas, for nesting during the May–July period. However, human activities such as beach construction, sand extraction, coastal lighting, and tourism can disturb or destroy their nesting grounds. Therefore, it is important to pay attention to beach arrangements in order to protect sea turtle nesting areas.



ENDEMIC AND REMARKABLE PLANTS

Side Broomrape (Orobanche sideana)

Side broomrape is an endemic plant species found only along the coastal strip of Side (Manavgat). This unique plant has been under protection since 2012 with support from the Antalya Orchid and Biodiversity Conservation Association (ANTOK) and the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF).

Asuman Crocus (Crocus asumaniae)
 Asuman Crocus is a perennial plant that grows at elevations between 900–1250 meters in Antalya. It blooms between October and December and is classified as "Endangered" on the IUCN Red List.



Sea Daffodil (Pancratium maritimum)

The Sea Daffodil is a perennial, bulbous plant that grows on coastal sand dunes. It is found along the shores of Greece, France, and Spain, as well as in Türkiye along the Mediterranean, Aegean, Marmara, and Black Sea coasts. It is prohibited to remove or export sea daffodils from Türkiye.

Serik Pear (Pyrus serikensis)

This pear species grows only in Antalya (Serik, Manavgat, Aksu) and is an endemic plant that can grow as a tree or shrub up to 10 meters tall. Locally known as "gurnut," it is part of Antalya's natural vegetation and is important for the region's biodiversity.

However, the existence of the gurnut plant is under threat due to habitat loss and agricultural activities.



Guide to Protecting the Planet

Dear Guests,

We are aware that our natural resources are limited and that the climate crisis is increasingly affecting our future day by day.

We are working to protect nature and leave a healthy planet for future generations, and we would like to share these efforts with you. If you support us in our actions, together we can build a greener and more sustainable world.



Guide to Protecting the Planet What Are We Doing for the Environment?

- We use energy-efficient lighting and motion-sensor lights in appropriate areas.
- When purchasing new devices, we prioritize those with high energy efficiency.
- We recognize the importance of renewable energy sources and plan our investments accordingly.
- Unless requested otherwise by our guests, we change towels and bed linens every two days.

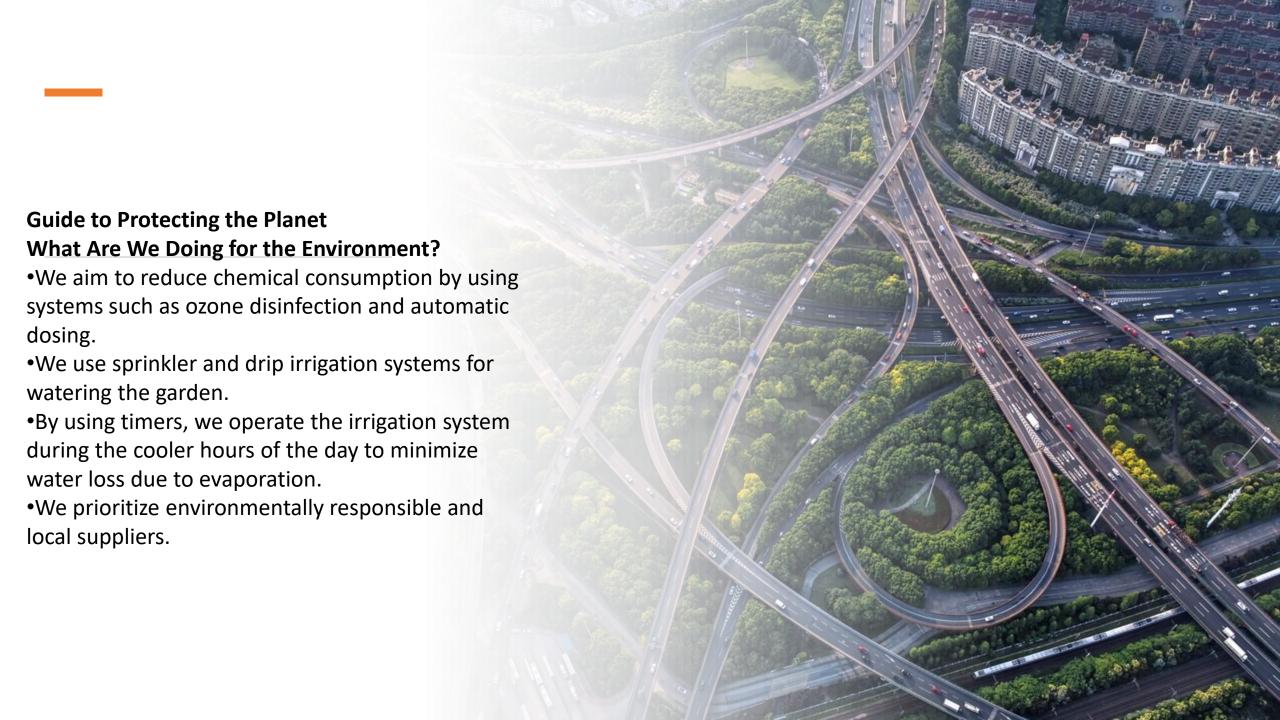


Guide to Protecting the Planet

What Are We Doing for the Environment?

- We manage, separate, and dispose of our waste through recycling companies.
- We use water-saving fixtures and toilet reservoirs to reduce water consumption.
- We carry out regular maintenance of all devices and equipment in our facility.
- We plan the placement of heating and cooling equipment to maximize efficiency.
- We use automation systems to prevent unnecessary energy consumption.
- We use energy saver systems in rooms to ensure energy efficiency.





Guide to Protecting the Planet What Are We Doing for the Environment?

- We support efforts to protect historical and touristic areas and to promote regional tourism.
- We protect natural habitats and endemic species.
- We prefer cosmetic products that are environmentally friendly, do not harm human health, respect animal rights, and are produced from sustainable sources helping to protect both your health and nature.
- We implement strategies to reduce our carbon footprint.
- We provide our staff with environmental awareness training.



Guide to Protecting the Planet

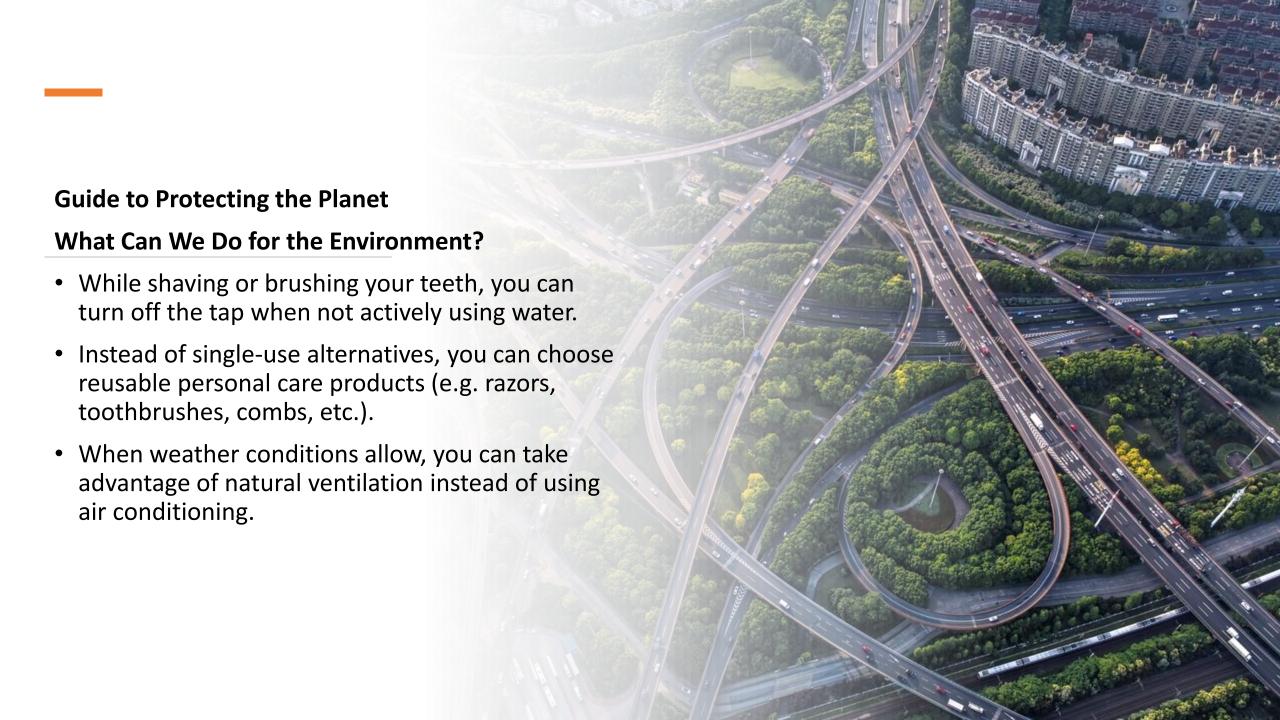
What Can We Do for the Environment?
We guide our service and infrastructure improvements by also following developments in sustainability. We protect natural habitats and endemic species.

By shortening your shower time by just 1–2 minutes, you can save an average of 18 liters of water.

By choosing to shower instead of taking a bath, you can save approximately 50 liters of water.

You can remove your room card from its slot when leaving the room to help save energy.





Guide to Protecting the Planet What Can We Do for the Environment?

- When daylight is available, you can prefer natural lighting.
- If you notice unnecessary energy use or water leaks in your room or common areas, please inform us.
- You can separate your waste using the recycling stations located in common areas of the hotel.
- You can help reduce food waste by choosing portion sizes based on what you can consume, as food left uneaten on plates often ends up being discarded.



Guide to Protecting the Planet

What Can We Do for the Environment?

- You can throw your trash into bins instead of flushing it down the toilet.
- You can dry and reuse your towels by hanging them on the balcony or towel rack.
- Avoid changing towels and bed linens unless necessary.
- You can reduce your carbon footprint by choosing public transportation or bicycles instead of cars. Walking short distances also helps protect your health.
- You can turn off lights and electronic devices in your room when not in use.
- You are welcome to share your feedback and suggestions with us to help improve our sustainability efforts.

